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People in Miami work at a restaurant Aug. 31 during the coronavirus pandemic. (CNS/Reuters/Marco Bello)

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In his book [\*A Shameful Business\*](#), labor expert James Gross contends that "the right to life and limb" is regularly violated in U.S. workplaces, where "crimes against humanity" turn workers into "disposable things." Despite his [promises](#) to the working class, President Donald Trump has assaulted workers' rights to life, limb and livelihood throughout his presidency.

The nonpartisan Economic Policy Institute recently produced [a report](#) detailing "the Trump administration's 50 most egregious attacks on working people." The head of the [BlueGreen Alliance](#), a coalition of environmental groups and labor unions, deemed Trump "the most anti-worker and anti-environment president of our lifetime."

This should matter to Catholic voters, who have an obligation to consider a candidate's respect for the dignity and rights of workers. As Catholic bishops have recently reminded us, Catholics must consider all [threats to human dignity, life and the future of the planet](#), in addition to the "[preeminent](#)" threat of abortion.

Unfortunately, workers' rights are seldom mentioned in the context of elections, despite their emphasis in Catholic teaching. The U.S. Conference of Catholic Bishops' "Forming Consciences for Faithful Citizenship" states "treating workers as mere means to an end, deliberately subjecting workers to subhuman living conditions" and "treating the poor as disposable" are "intrinsically evil acts." Political leaders must safeguard the "dignity of the human person and the common good by respecting the dignity of work and protecting the rights of workers."



Union members in New York City hold a strike July 2. (CNS/Sipa USA via Reuters/Lev Radin)

St. John Paul II maintained in [\*Laborem Exercens\*](#) that by toiling as a manual laborer, Jesus revealed that the dignity and rights of all workers are sacred. Solidarity with workers is required to prove "fidelity to Christ." Thus, the church defends the rights necessary for "ensuring the life and health of workers and their families," such as a family living wage, health insurance, safe working conditions, and the right to unionize.

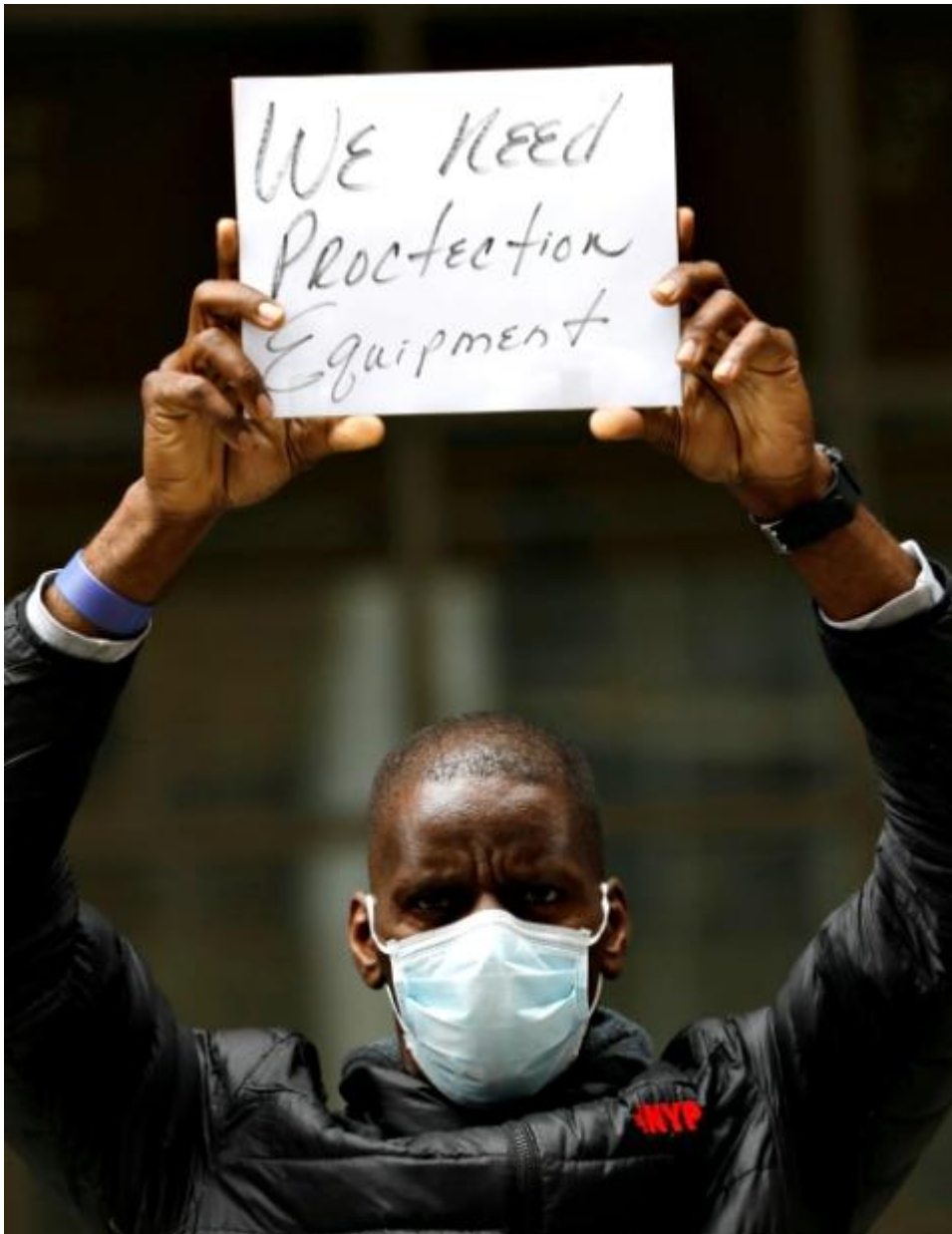
Pope Francis insists that all lives are sacred ([\*Gaudete et Exsultate\*](#)) and must be defended, including those "at the mercy of economic interests or indiscriminate exploitation" ([\*Evangelii Gaudium\*](#)). In his words, an economy that idolizes profits rather than prioritizing "dignified work" for all constitutes a form of "[hidden euthanasia](#)." Moreover, exploiting workers is a "[mortal sin](#)"

In short, Catholic teaching is clear: Workers' dignity and rights are a grave matter and are a life issue. In this election, one candidate, Donald Trump, fails to reflect Catholic social teaching on the dignity of labor. The other, Joe Biden, aligns much more closely with it.

### **Right to life and limb**

As I elaborate in my contribution to [\*Voting and Faithfulness: Catholic Perspectives on Politics\*](#), Trump has disregarded the right to life and limb of workers. To protect these rights, modern popes have urged the state, in accordance with the "principle of solidarity," to limit "the autonomy of the parties who determine working conditions" (John Paul II, [\*Centesimus Annus\*](#)).

Tragically, almost 3 million workers are [injured](#) in U.S. workplaces annually. Roughly 100,000 workers die of workplace accidents or workplace-related illnesses ([globally](#), 2.78 million). Experts agree many are [preventable](#).



A health care worker takes part in a demonstration as part of a national day of action calling on federal and local authorities to provide more personal protective equipment and support outside New York-Presbyterian Medical Center in New York City April 9. (CNS/Reuters/Mike Segar)

Peg Seminario, director of occupational safety and health for the AFL-CIO, contends Trump's deregulation agenda has [eviscerated "core worker protections and union rights."](#)

Even before the pandemic, workplace inspections decreased (despite research indicating they save lives) and fatalities [increased](#), dramatically among [Black and](#)

## [Latinx workers.](#)

Trump swiftly eliminated or eroded several [Obama-era](#) life-saving occupational health and safety protections. For example, he [eliminated the Fair Pay and Safe Workplaces rule](#), which improved compliance of federally contracted companies with safety laws and penalized wage theft.

The Trump administration also undermined regulations of workplace exposure to [silica](#), [beryllium](#) and [asbestos](#) (banned in more than 60 countries), all known carcinogens to which millions of U.S. workers are exposed — killing thousands of them annually. While independent [scientists](#) and [government experts](#) decried the asbestos change, Russian asbestos exporters praised Trump, saying "[Donald is on our side.](#)"

The Trump administration also overturned Obama-era regulations pertaining to extremely dangerous workplaces. It gutted [offshore drilling regulations](#) (think Deepwater Horizon), abolished line speed limits in [hog-processing plants](#) and increased those limits at [poultry-processing plants](#).

The Trump administration also took [several steps](#) to undercut the protection of victims of sexual assault, harassment or violence in the workplace.

Trump's radical anti-worker agenda prompted the [attorneys general](#) of six states to sue the Trump administration and helps explain why the [2020 ITUC Global Rights Index](#) indicates the U.S. has systematic violations of workers' rights and ranks below Albania, El Salvador, Nepal and 59 other countries. These problems all appeared before COVID-19.

The COVID-19 pandemic represents one of the [greatest threats](#) to workers in U.S. history. Meanwhile, the Trump administration is weakening worker protections. Nearly 10,000 complaints have been filed against employers for inadequately protecting workplaces, yet only "[a handful](#)" have been reprimanded, the Economic Policy Institute said.

The administration corrupted the work of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, for example by softening and making discretionary the safety measures during the COVID-19 outbreak at the Smithfield Meatpacking Plant. More than 200 meatpacking workers nationwide have [died](#) since March; many of those lives could

have been saved by requiring masks and social distancing in the plants.



Agricultural workers in Arvin, California, clean carrot crops April 3 during the coronavirus pandemic. (CNS/Reuters/Shannon Stapleton)

[Farmworkers](#), who are largely Mexican and Central American immigrants and already had a [fatality rate five times greater](#) than all U.S. workers, have been deemed essential but left extremely vulnerable to COVID-19, often without health care.

Countless workers, including [1,700 health care workers](#), have died due to lack of personal protective equipment and proper safety precautions.

About [11.5 million workers](#) do not have jobs, many facing hunger and eviction because the president botched the response to the crisis.

Biden has rightly criticized Trump's rollbacks of the Obama administration's workplace safety rules. Biden intends to [reinstate them](#) and "develop comprehensive strategies for addressing the most dangerous hazards workers encounter in the

modern workplace."

He will also fix the [Trump debacle](#) of not having uniform safety rules that decrease the risk of COVID-19 workplace outbreaks. Given his record, workers [believe](#) that he will undue much of the damage Trump has done.



Outside UCLA Medical Center in Santa Monica, California, on April 13, members of National Nurses United protest the lack of personal protective equipment. (Wikimedia Commons/Marcywinograd)

### **Livelihood: jobs, wages, health care**

The wages and benefits of workers are a life and death matter. In the U.S., about 7 million people rank among the [working poor](#). [Research](#) demonstrates U.S. low-wage workers have a life expectancy equivalent to Sudan or Pakistan. Raising the minimum wage to \$15 in big cities would save [thousands of lives](#). Increasing it by just a dollar would decrease the alarmingly high U.S. [infant mortality rate](#) (47th in the [world](#), worse than Belarus and Cuba).



Yet Donald Trump, who paid far [less in taxes than the vast majority](#) of workers, [opposes](#) raising the federal minimum wage, even for essential workers [during the pandemic](#). The president boasts about low-wage workers' wages rising, but this minimal growth — less than under previous presidents — has much to do with 20 states raising their minimum wages. Trump also weakened the Department of Labor rules for [overtime pay](#) and for [joint employers](#), and eliminated protections against [wage theft](#), all costing workers millions.

Joe Biden [paid](#) taxes fairly and supports a federal [minimum wage](#) of \$15. His position reflects [Catholic social teaching on the just wage](#), which must at least be enough to sustain workers' and their dependents' "material, social, cultural, and spiritual life" and some savings.

Like St. John Paul II's [call](#) for "equal pay for equal work," Biden also supports [several measures](#) to close the pay gap between men and women. Conversely, Trump undid President Barack Obama's [protections for women workers](#) concerning this and many other employment practices.

Many of Trump's employment policies also hurt families. Children suffer and die due to the lack of paid parental leave in the U.S. According to the [World Policy Analysis Center](#), laws mandating paid parental leaves, sick leave, family medical leave and breastfeeding breaks significantly lower infant and child morbidity and mortality.



Restaurant workers in New York City protest Sept. 30, demanding to be paid full minimum wage with tips as they risk exposure to the coronavirus disease with local restaurants beginning indoor dining. (CNS/Reuters/Andrew Kelly)

Trump has proposed an [anti-family](#) "budget-neutral approach to parental leave," forcing modest-income workers with bigger families to draw on their own retirement benefits and delay retiring.

By contrast, St. John Paul II encouraged societies to [pay subsidies](#) for the vital work that parents do in the home. Biden's [caregiver plan](#), which includes paid parental leave, resembles the pope's by including a \$5,000 tax credit for unpaid caregivers. Biden also [supports](#) the [Pregnant Workers Fairness Act](#).

In addition, Biden [agrees](#) with [church teaching](#) that "health care is a right for all." The Affordable Care Act has already saved tens of thousands of lives, and the Biden [plan](#) will expand coverage for an [estimated 15-20 million](#) more people, sparing suffering and avoidable deaths. When more than 216,000 Americans have died in the pandemic, Trump wants to eviscerate the Affordable Care Act, [eliminating health](#)

[care coverage](#) for approximately 20 million people.

Unlike Trump, Biden does not pit environmental concerns and job growth against one another. Rather, his [plan](#) to create millions of well-paying, union "green" jobs has been [praised](#) by workers and environmental groups alike. In this respect, Biden affirms Pope Francis' [insistence](#) on an integral ecology that acknowledges, "Work must be combined with the preservation of creation."



Workers in Washington are seen near solar panels Oct. 17, 2019, on the property of Catholic Charities of the Washington Archdiocese. (CNS/Catholic Standard/Andrew Biraj)

### **The right to unions and collective bargaining**

Unionized workers have a better chance at a [living wage, health care and the ability to maintain families](#). Therefore, the Catholic Church has [long advocated](#) for the right

of all workers to form unions. [John Paul II](#) contended unions are a necessary "mouthpiece in the struggle for social justice." Francis [argued](#) unions must "unmask the powerful who trample the rights of the most vulnerable workers."

Trump's businesses had a [record](#) of unionbusting and [recklessly](#) squandering [thousands of jobs](#). The president has continued his anti-union agenda, [vowing to veto](#) the Protecting the Right to Organize Act. He has weakened the ability of workers to unionize and seek redress of rights violations by decreasing the regulatory power of the [National Labor Relations Board](#), gutting its regional offices and installing pro-business board members.

Trump also appoints anti-labor judges. Justice [Neil Gorsuch](#) and Justice [Brett Kavanaugh](#) have authored opinions that [favor](#) of corporations and [undercut](#) workers' rights. [Legal](#) and [labor](#) experts are decrying prospective U.S. Supreme Court justice Amy Coney Barrett's past rulings against workers and her potential to vote against the Affordable Care Act given her past [criticism](#) of it.



A person holds a sign as laid off LAX Airport workers protest for an extension of health care benefits by concessions companies in Los Angeles Sept. 24. (CNS/Reuters/Lucy Nicholson)

Joe Biden will "[incentivize unionization](#) and collective bargaining." He supports the Protecting the Right to Organize Act and proposes additional criminal liability for union-busting. The BlueGreen Alliance and almost [all major unions](#) — including [postal workers](#), front-line [federal workers](#), [farmworkers](#), [teachers](#) and [nurses](#) — have all endorsed Joe Biden as the "clear choice on labor and workers' rights," in the words of National Nurses United.

### **Voting as a matter of conscience**

As Catholics vote, they cannot ignore Trump's record on the right to life, limb and livelihood of workers, which, along with other reprehensible policies, demonstrates he is [not a pro-life candidate](#), as Bishop John Stowe [recently maintained](#). Catholics should also contemplate Biden's greater commitment to the mandates of Catholic social teaching on workers' rights.

As with other [Catholics](#) and [pro-life evangelicals](#), my conscience dictates that there are additional "grave moral reasons" ("Faithful Citizenship") to vote for Biden, despite my strong rejection of his position on abortion. Realistically, Trump's promises to [end abortion](#) may be untenable. Moreover, Trump's divisive politics are a mortal [threat to the Constitution](#), [our democracy](#) and the [global rule of law](#). Trump's presidency has also incited a lethal resurgence of [white supremacy](#), racism, and dehumanization of immigrants, including preplanned [separation of children](#) from parents and [forced sterilization](#).

As Francis' new encyclical, [Fratelli Tutti](#), teaches that borders have "limits" and cannot justify assaulting the humanity and rights of immigrants. The pope also [said](#), "We cannot tolerate... racism and exclusion in any form and yet claim to defend the sacredness of every human life."



Democratic presidential candidate Joe Biden speaks to union workers after touring an operating engineers training facility during a campaign stop in New Alexandria, Pennsylvania, Sept. 30. (CNS/Reuters/Mike Segar)

Francis also forcefully called for [ending the death penalty](#). Trump's Department of Justice appallingly [reinstated](#) federal executions, a move [denounced](#) by the U.S. bishops' conference. Biden wants to [eliminate](#) the death penalty.

Trump's insidious politicization of science has caused tremendous suffering and death during the pandemic, as [The New England Journal of Medicine](#) editors contend. It also [threatens the future of the planet](#), which is "the [prerequisite for all human life](#)," in the words of Bishop Robert McElroy.

Joe Biden does not embrace the fullness of Catholic social teaching; lamentably, [neither party](#) does. However, on many grave moral issues, including workers' rights, he can lead our country toward greater peace, unity, ecological well-being, recognition of human dignity, and the [common good](#).

[Gerald J. Beyer holds a doctorate in theological ethics from Boston College. Among his publications are *Recovering Solidarity: Lessons from Poland's Unfinished Revolution* (University of Notre Dame Press) and *Just Universities: Catholic Social Teaching Confronts Corporatized Higher Education* (forthcoming with Fordham University Press).]

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